Teacher Professional Development Programs in Grades 3-8:

Promoting Teachers' and Students' Content Knowledge in Science and Engineering

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Overview

- The USED NJ MSP program, PISA, provided the foundation for the development of the NSF PISA² program.
- This presentation will discuss the findings of the PISA program in Year 3 and describe its PD components.
- PISA² aims to increase the academic achievement & 21st century skills of elementary & middle school students in science & engineering.





Key Features		PISA ²
Funding Agency	USED MSP	NSF MSP
Funding Years	2007-2010	2010-2015
Participants	46 teachers ~800 Grade 3-5 students (treatment)	~100 teachers per cohort x 4 cohorts ~6,000 Grade 3-8 students in Year 1 (treatment)
Partner Schools	21 schools in	40 schools in NJ
Research Studies	Quasi-experimental	Quasi-experimental
Components of the PD program	 80-hour summer institute three PD days (school year) monthly classroom support visits 124 hours total PD hours 	■ ~270 hours over 2 years
Goals	 improve teachers' content knowledge & pedagogical content knowledge in science & engineering improve students' content knowledge in science and & engineering develop students' 21st century skills 	 improve teachers' content knowledge & pedagogical content knowledge in science & engineering foster improved teacher attitudes & beliefs towards teaching science & engineering improve students' content knowledge in science and & engineering develop students' 21st century skills foster students' positive attitudes & beliefs towards science & engineering subjects/careers Build district capacity for science education leadership & strategic planning (ECC Trilogy) promote institutionalization & sustainability

PISA Partnership & Roles



- Stevens Institute of Technology
- Montclair State University
- Liberty Science Center
- Institute for Learning Technologies;
 Teachers College, Columbia University
- 5 large urban school districts
- 4 non-public schools
- 46 Grade 3-5 teachers
- 796 students of MSP teachers





PISA Goals

- Improve teachers' content knowledge in science & engineering
- Improve teachers' pedagogical knowledge in creating & adapting science inquiry & engineering lessons
- Improve students' content knowledge in science & engineering (Grades 3-5)

Year 1: 2007-08

Life &

Environmental Science

Year 2: 2008-09

Earth & Space Science

Year 3: 2009-10

Physical Science & Math





Components of the PD

- Two-week summer institute
 - Science lessons with focus on scientific inquiry
 - Engineering curricula
 - Real-time data, telecollaborative projects



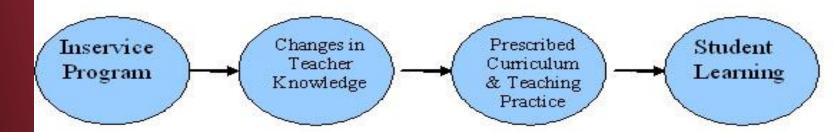
- Faculty-led workshops, lab tours, & handson activities
- 3 PD workshops during school year (f2f & online)
- Monthly classroom visits
- Total: 124 hrs PD for each participant/year x 3





Background

- PD improves teachers' knowledge, beliefs about teaching, & classroom enactment (Fishman, Marx, Best, & Tal, 2003)
- Teacher PD in math does have significant positive effects on student achievement (Blank & de las Alas, 2009)
- Two-week PD improved teachers' confidence in their knowledge & in teaching engineering principles (Hynes & dos Santos, 2007)



Lessons & Activities







Evaluations

Teachers

- Pre- and post- tests in
- treatment and comparison groups
- Questions taken from TIMSS, MOSART, NJASK & MOS (20 science & related math, 5 engineering)
- Classroom implementation survey

Students

- Pre- and post- tests for treatment and comparison groups
- Questions taken from TIMSS, MOSART, NJASK & MOS (14 science & related math, 5 engineering)





Year 3 Results- Teachers

Treatment Teachers:

- 17% increase
- statistically significant
- (t(45) = -3.453, p < .01)

Treatment Croun	Mean
Treatment Group	(n=46)
Teacher Score Pre-test	14.09
Teacher Score Post-test	16.52

Comparison Teachers:

- 7% increase
- Not statistically significant
- (t(37) = -1.386, p > .05)

Companies Croup	Mean
Comparison Group	(n=38)
Teacher Score Pre-test	12.55
Teacher Score Post-test	13.42





Year 3 Results - Students

Treatment Students:

- 46% increase
- statistically significant
- \bullet (t(637)= -23.543, p<.01)

Treatment Group	Mean
Treatment Group	(n=638)
Raw Score (pre)	6.68
Raw Score (post)	9.77

Comparison Students:

- 17% increase
- statistically significant
- \blacksquare (t(540)= -10.346, p<.01)

Companian	Mean
Comparison	(n=541)
Raw Score (pre)	7.16
Raw Score (post)	8.39





Year 3 Findings

- Teachers' post-test scores were a significant predictor of students' post-test scores
- The more program activities a teacher performed, the higher the students' post test scores
- The number of engineering activities that the students were exposed to in the classroom was a significant predictor of their science post-test scores.



Engineering & Students' 21st Century Skills

"The engineering design lessons are the ones that [stand out]. I think the fact that they are able to problem solve (even as a group, which is a feat for students) and create/build something drives home the lesson." (Problem Solving & Collaboration)

"...they would fully understand that you can try again to improve your designs. They need to know that there is a correct solution; however it shows them that it is possible to have several other solutions." (Creativity & Innovation)



Development of PISA²

- To enhance teachers' content knowledge in science & engineering (S&E) and cultivate positive attitudes & beliefs towards teaching S&E
- To increase students' content knowledge and experiences in S&E
- To promote students' 21st century skills
- To institutionalize new graduate programs in STEM education and impact undergraduate teaching & learning
- To increase the number of teachers with elementary endorsement in science
- To build leadership and capacity in partner school districts



Components of PISA²

- 400 NJ Teachers in Grades 3-8, 120 School Administrators, Stevens' Students & Faculty
- Five new courses
 - Fundamental Principles of Physical Science
 - Fundamental Principles of Earth Science
 - Energy Production & Consumption
 - Understanding Global Change
 - Engineering Solutions to the Challenges of Energy & Global Change
- Two PD workshops each year
- Monthly classroom support visits
- Leadership & Capacity Building for Science Education Reform





Challenges

- Accelerated start-up led to time constraints in course development, recruitment.
- Different pedagogical approaches, teaching philosophy, and expectations among STEM faculty.
- Uneven mathematics and computer technology preparation of teachers grades 3-8.
- Varying science curricula, pacing charts, pedagogical focus of participating 12 districts





Questions?



www.stevens.edu/ciese/pisa2



